

FINANCIAL AND COMMERCIAL.

MONDAY, June 6—5 P. M.

The stock market was not active to-day; but it was rather more buoyant than at the close of last week. Compared with the sales at the first board on Saturday, New York Central advanced 1 1/2 per cent, Erie Railroad 1/2, Hudson River 1, Reading 1/2, Milwaukee and Prairie du Chien 1/2, Michigan Southern 1/2, Illinois Central 1/2, Cleveland and Toledo 1/2, Chicago and Rock Island 1/2, Chicago and Northwestern 1/2, Pacific Coast 1/2, California Company 1/2, Quicksilver Mining 1/2, and Mariposa 1/2. Erie preferred and Commercial closed the same. Harlem declined 1 per cent, Michigan Central 1/2, and Cleveland and Pittsburgh 1/2.

The market was without animation in the afternoon and the majority of the railroad shares were a little off. Erie Railroad closed at 11 1/2, Hudson River 14 1/2, which was an advance of 3/4 per cent since the morning session; Reading 18 1/2, Michigan Central 14 1/2, Michigan Southern 9 1/2, Illinois Central 12 1/2, Cleveland and Pittsburgh 11 1/2, Chicago and Northwestern 11 1/2, Chicago and Rock Island 11 1/2, Pacific Mail 24 1/2, an advance of 8 per cent since Saturday; Quicksilver Mining 7 1/2, and Cumberland Coal 52.

Government stocks were less firm, the five-twenty coupons closing at 105 1/2, and the one year certificates at 98.

The premium on gold advanced again to-day. The opening price was 150 1/2, from which it rose to 154 1/2, or with 5 1/2 per cent of the speculators' figure—200. The currency dollar is now only worth 5 1/2 cents.

The money market evinces signs of stringency, caused no doubt by the pressing demands of the government, and loans cannot be effected with ease under seven per cent.

The new policy which has just been adopted by Secretary Chase, of putting the government bonds on the market, and selling them at the price that capitalists may place upon them, is precisely what we recommended him to do many months ago. The question now is will he be likely to continue this course, which is the only one that can save the country from virtual repudiation. The new bonds will command the attention of most whose means are now lying comparatively idle in fancy stocks, which will be forced on the market for sale, and what ever is realized from them will naturally be invested in the long government bonds, which are considered more safe and far more remunerative in the end than ordinary stock speculations. The plan which Mr. Chase has adopted, even at this late day, will prove of vast benefit to the finances of the country. It will gradually withdraw the currency from circulation, and in the end leave the currency exclusively in the hands of the national banks and State institutions, and it will tend to a greater degree to reduce the premium on gold, bring down prices of all the necessities of life, and restore the currency to its normal condition. The new policy which has just been proposed, the Secretary of the treasury has called for, will probably be extended before the end of the present month, which closes the fiscal year of the government. Mr. Chase will then require another seventy-five or a hundred millions to meet the increasing expenses of the nation, in addition to the amount which will be produced by the ten-forty loan, and if he continues to pursue the same policy it can safely be predicted that the national finances will soon be re-established upon a secure basis. This movement will, of course, produce a flutter in Wall street, and may bring on a panic, gold will go down, and a smash in the stock market will not be among the improbabilities; but all such events should occur the country and the people would be benefited thereby, and the path would be made clear for the inauguration of a more healthy state of financial affairs.

The following table shows the loans and issues, absorbed and unabsorbed, which have been authorized by Congress since 1842.

Year	Amount
1842	\$243,621
1843	245,250
1844	245,250
1845	245,250
1846	245,250
1847	245,250
1848	245,250
1849	245,250
1850	245,250
1851	245,250
1852	245,250
1853	245,250
1854	245,250
1855	245,250
1856	245,250
1857	245,250
1858	245,250
1859	245,250
1860	245,250
1861	245,250
1862	245,250
1863	245,250
1864	245,250

—Of the above amount the following remains to be negotiated:

Item	Amount
Nine hundred million loan	\$225,000,000
Five hundred million loan	112,500,000
Balance of 10 40 loan	130,000,000
New bonds of the \$800,000,000 loan	75,000,000
Balance of six per cent of 1861	60,000,000
Fractional currency	80,000,000
Total	\$1,176,000,000

The average daily expenses of the government, instead of being four millions of dollars, as has been stated, appear by the official published returns of the public debt, as they have appeared from time to time—the last of which was made up on the 14th of May—to be less than two million five hundred thousand. The expenses, of course, are gradually on the increase, owing to the additional number of men who are being called to the field, and the enhanced price of all descriptions of army supplies, and by this time they are no doubt fully up to two and a half millions daily.

The following table shows the totals of the statements of the associated banks of this city on the first Saturday of each month during the present year, with those of the past two weeks:

Item	June 1	May 1	April 1
Assets	\$1,176,000,000	\$1,176,000,000	\$1,176,000,000
Liabilities	\$1,176,000,000	\$1,176,000,000	\$1,176,000,000
Capital	\$1,176,000,000	\$1,176,000,000	\$1,176,000,000
Reserve	\$1,176,000,000	\$1,176,000,000	\$1,176,000,000
Profit	\$1,176,000,000	\$1,176,000,000	\$1,176,000,000

The Sub-Treasurer reports to-day as follows:

Item	Amount
Amount on hand	\$20,280,025
Receipts from customs	120,000
From other sources	5,579,942
Total	\$20,880,000

General John A. Dix has been spoken of as the successor of John J. Crittenden as the Assistant United States Treasurer in this city. Mr. Crittenden's resignation has not yet been accepted, but it is understood that his health demands his immediate retirement.

Mr. Cio has given notice that the twenty-five millions of temporary loan now deposited in the Treasury, at five per cent, may be re-loaned to the government at six per cent, the usual ten days' notice for repayment being waived.

The earnings of the Chicago and Alton Railroad during the week ending May 31, 1864, were \$44,799, same time in 1863, \$38,600.

Increase.....\$6,199

The following is the May report of the Illinois Central Railroad:

Item	Amount
Construction (lands sold)	\$12,000
Interest and land sold	78,811
Free lands sold	3,911
Total sales during month May, 1864	\$103,722
To which add down last sales	6,476
Total of all	\$110,198
Acres sold since January 1, 1864	127,622
Cash collected in May	128,181
Receipts from passengers	\$170,958
Freight	\$227,418
Mail	6,586
Rent of roads	6,586
Other sources	6,586
Total receipts in month of May, 1864	\$419,738
Increase	\$30,044

Stock Exchange.

Item	Price
1000 U S 5 1/2 per cent	105 1/2
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NEW YORK CITY BANKS, June 4, 1864.

Bank	Assets	Liabilities
1000 U S 5 1/2 per cent	105 1/2	105 1/2
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SECOND BOARD.

Item	Price
1000 U S 5 1/2 per cent	105 1/2
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CITY COMMERCIAL REPORT.

Item	Price
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IMPORTANT FROM EUROPE.

The Elms and Virginia at New York and China at Halifax.

ONE WEEK'S LATER NEWS.

GRANT'S CAMPAIGN IN ENGLAND.

Intense Excitement Caused by the News from America.

The Reports Regarded as Disastrous to the Rebel Cause.

HEAVY DECLINE IN THE REBEL LOAN.

Anglo-Rebel Sketch of Grant's Plans from Richmond.

The Laird Rams Sold to the English Government.

Hopes of the English Press for the Dissolution of the Union.

The Davis-Lyons Correspondence Pronounced a Clumsy Hoax.

DISCHARGE OF THE GERTY PIRATES.

THE DANO-GERMAN WAR.

Proposition to Separate Schleswig and Holstein from Denmark by the Conference.

The Winners of the Oaks and the Derby.

REDUCTION IN THE RATE OF DISCOUNT.

THE LATEST MARKETS.

MARRIAGES AND DEATHS.

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